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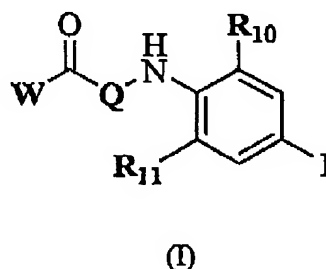
**CURRENTLY PENDING CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. This listing does not amend the claims.

Listing of claims:

**1 and 2 (canceled).**

**3 (previously presented).** A method for treating chronic pain, wherein said chronic pain is a type of neuropathic pain, said method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a composition comprising a MEK inhibitor selected from a compound of the following formula (I):



wherein

W is  $OR_1$ ,  $NR_2OR_1$ ,  $NR_AR_B$ ,  $NR_2NR_AR_B$ ,  $O(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ , or  $NR_2(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ ;

$R_1$  is H,  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, (phenyl)- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, (phenyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, (phenyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical)- $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl or  $(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_CR_D$ ;

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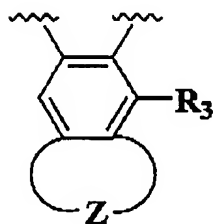
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$R_2$  is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> heterocyclic radical, or (C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl) methyl;

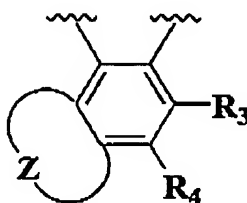
$R_A$  is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)phenyl, [(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, [(aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub> NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>;

$R_B$  is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, or phenyl;

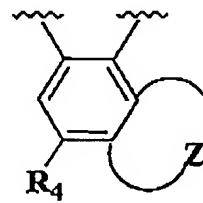
Q is one of the following formulae (i) – (iii):



(i)



(ii)



(iii)

$R_3$  is H or F;

$R_4$  is halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or (CO)T;

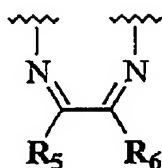
T is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, (NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, OR<sub>F</sub>, -NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>;

Z is one of the following formulae (iv) – (viii):

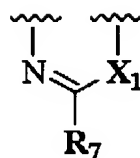
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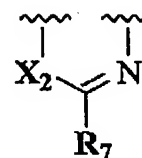
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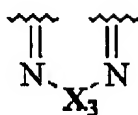
(iv)



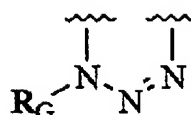
(v)



(vi)



(vii)



(viii)

one of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H or methyl and the other of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl, phenyl, benzyl, or  $-M-E-G$ ;

$M$  is O, CO,  $SO_2$ ,  $NR_J$ ,  $(CO)NR_H$ ,  $NR_H(CO)$ ,  $NR_H(SO_2)$ ,  $(SO_2)NR_H$ , or  $CH_2$ ;

$E$  is  $(CH_2)_{1-4}$  or  $(CH_2)_m O(CH_2)_p$  where  $1 \leq (\text{each of } m \text{ and } p) \leq 3$  and  $2 \leq (m + p) \leq 4$ ; or  $E$  is absent;

$G$  is  $R_K$ ,  $OR_1$  or  $NR_J R_K$ , provided that if  $p = 1$ , then  $G$  is H;

$R_7$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,

$SO_2 NR_H (CH_2)_{2-4} NR_J R_K$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4} NR_J R_K$  or  $(CO)NR_H (CH_2)_{2-4} NR_J R_K$ ;

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$X_1$  is O, S,  $NR_8$ , or  $CHR_9$ ;  $X_2$  is O, S, or  $CHR_9$ ; and  $X_3$  is O or S; where if  $X_1$  or  $X_2$  is  $CHR_9$ , said compound may also be a tautomerized indole;

$R_8$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, or  $(C_{2-4} \text{ alkyl})NR_L R_M$ ; provided  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  together have no more than 14 carbon atoms, exclusive of  $R_L$ ,  $R_M$ ,  $R_J$  and  $R_K$ ;

$R_G$  is  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $(CO)OR_P$ ,  $(C_{2-4} \text{ alkyl})NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_N(CH_2)_2$ ,  $4NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4} - NR_L R_M$ , or  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

$R_9$  is  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $(CO)OR_P$ ,  $(C_{2-4} \text{ alkyl})NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_N(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_L R_M$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4} - NR_L R_M$ , or  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar'$ , where  $Ar'$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

$R_P$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, phenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, or  $(CH_2)_{2-4} NR_L R_M$ ;

$R_{10}$  is H, methyl, halo, or  $NO_2$ ;

$R_{11}$  is H, methyl, halo, or  $NO_2$ ;

each of  $R_C$ ,  $R_D$ ,  $R_E$ ,  $R_F$ ,  $R_I$ ,  $R_J$ ,  $R_K$ ,  $R_L$  and  $R_M$  is independently selected from H,

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C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, and phenyl; each of NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>, NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub>, and NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub> can also independently be morpholinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, or piperidinyl; and

each of R<sub>H</sub>, R<sub>N</sub>, and R<sub>O</sub> is independently H, methyl, or ethyl;

wherein each hydrocarbon radical or heterocyclic radical above is optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, phenyl, hydroxyl, amino, (amino)sulfonyl, and NO<sub>2</sub>, wherein each substituent alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or phenyl is in turn optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C<sub>1-2</sub> alkyl, hydroxyl, amino, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or C<sub>1-7</sub> ester thereof.

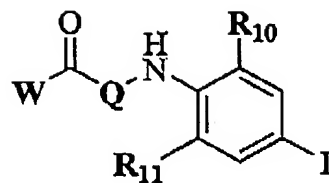
**4 (previously presented).** The method of claim 3, wherein said neuropathic pain is associated with one of the following: inflammation, postoperative pain, phantom limb pain, burn pain, gout, trigeminal neuralgia, acute herpetic and postherpetic pain, causalgia, diabetic neuropathy, plexus avulsion, neuroma, vasculitis, viral infection, crush injury, constriction injury, tissue injury, limb amputation, post-operative pain, and arthritis pain, inclusively.

**5 and 6 (canceled).**

**7 (previously presented).** A method for treating chronic pain, wherein said chronic pain is associated with inflammation, said method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a composition comprising a MEK inhibitor selected from a compound of the following formula (I):

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(I)

wherein

$W$  is  $OR_1$ ,  $NR_2OR_1$ ,  $NR_AR_B$ ,  $NR_2NR_AR_B$ ,  $O(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ , or  $NR_2(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ ;

$R_1$  is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, (phenyl)-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (phenyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (phenyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)-C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl or  $(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_CR_D$ ;

$R_2$  is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> heterocyclic radical, or (C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl) methyl;

$R_A$  is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)phenyl, [(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, [(aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or  $(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_CR_D$ ;

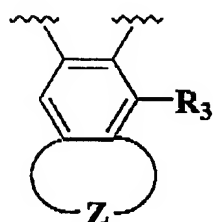
$R_B$  is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, or phenyl;

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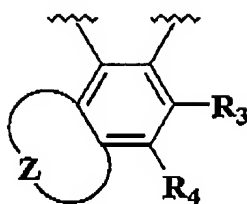
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Q is one of the following formulae (i) – (iii):



(i)



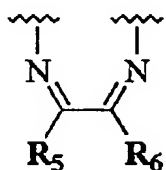
(ii)



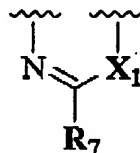
(iii)

 $R_3$  is H or F; $R_4$  is halo,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_{2-4}\text{NR}_\text{E}\text{R}_\text{F}$ ,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NR}_\text{E}\text{R}_\text{F}$ , or  $(\text{CO})\text{T}$ ;T is  $\text{C}_{1-3}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $(\text{NR}_\text{E}\text{R}_\text{F})\text{C}_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $\text{OR}_\text{F}$ ,  $-\text{NR}_\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_{2-4}\text{NR}_\text{E}\text{R}_\text{F}$ , or  $\text{NR}_\text{E}\text{R}_\text{F}$ ;

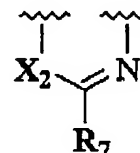
Z is one of the following formulae (iv) – (viii):



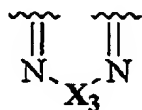
(iv)



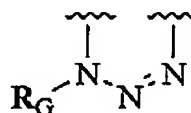
(v)



(vi)



(vii)



(viii)

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one of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H or methyl and the other of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl, phenyl, benzyl, or  $-M-E-G$ ;

$M$  is O, CO,  $SO_2$ ,  $NR_J$ ,  $(CO)NR_H$ ,  $NR_H(CO)$ ,  $NR_H(SO_2)$ ,  $(SO_2)NR_H$ , or  $CH_2$ ;

$E$  is  $(CH_2)_{1-4}$  or  $(CH_2)_m O(CH_2)_p$  where  $1 \leq (\text{each of } m \text{ and } p) \leq 3$  and  $2 \leq (m + p) \leq 4$ ; or  $E$  is absent;

$G$  is  $R_K$ ,  $OR_I$  or  $NR_JR_K$ , provided that if  $p = 1$ , then  $G$  is H;

$R_7$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,

$SO_2NR_H(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$  or  $(CO)NR_H(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$ ;

$X_1$  is O, S,  $NR_8$ , or  $CHR_9$ ;  $X_2$  is O, S, or  $CHR_9$ ; and  $X_3$  is O or S; where if  $X_1$  or  $X_2$  is  $CHR_9$ , said compound may also be a tautomerized indole;

$R_8$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, or  $(C_{2-4} \text{ alkyl})NR_LR_M$ ; provided  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  together have no more than 14 carbon atoms, exclusive of  $R_L$ ,  $R_M$ ,  $R_J$  and  $R_K$ ;

$R_G$  is  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $(CO)OR_P$ ,  $(C_{2-4} \text{ alkyl})NR_LR_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_N(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_LR_M$ ,  $(CO)NR_LR_M$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_LR_M$ , or  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

$R_9$  is  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,



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C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, (CO)OR<sub>P</sub>, (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>N</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar', where Ar' is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

R<sub>P</sub> is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub> NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>;

R<sub>10</sub> is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>11</sub> is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

each of R<sub>C</sub>, R<sub>D</sub>, R<sub>E</sub>, R<sub>F</sub>, R<sub>I</sub>, R<sub>J</sub>, R<sub>K</sub>, R<sub>L</sub> and R<sub>M</sub> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, and phenyl; each of NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>, NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub>, and NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub> can also independently be morpholinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, or piperidinyl; and

each of R<sub>H</sub>, R<sub>N</sub>, and R<sub>O</sub> is independently H, methyl, or ethyl;

wherein each hydrocarbon radical or heterocyclic radical above is optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, phenyl, hydroxyl, amino, (amino)sulfonyl, and NO<sub>2</sub>, wherein each substituent alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or phenyl is in turn optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C<sub>1-2</sub> alkyl, hydroxyl, amino, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

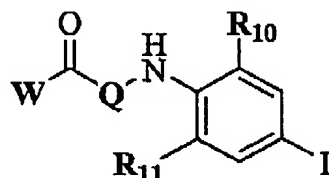
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or C<sub>1-7</sub> ester thereof.

**8 (previously presented).** A method for treating chronic pain, wherein said chronic pain is associated with arthritis, said method comprising administering to

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a subject in need of such treatment a composition comprising a MEK inhibitor selected from a compound of the following formula (I):



(I)

wherein

W is  $OR_1$ ,  $NR_2OR_1$ ,  $NR_AR_B$ ,  $NR_2NR_AR_B$ ,  $O(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ , or  $NR_2(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_AR_B$ ;

$R_1$  is H,  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, (phenyl)- $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, (phenyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, (phenyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical)- $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl or  $(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_CR_D$ ;

$R_2$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  heterocyclic radical, or ( $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl) methyl;

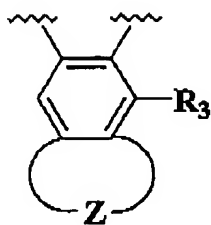
$R_A$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-8}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl, ( $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical, ( $C_{3-8}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)phenyl, [(aminosulfonyl)phenyl] $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, (aminosulfonyl) $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, (aminosulfonyl) $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, [(aminosulfonyl) $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl] $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, or  $(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_CR_D$ ;

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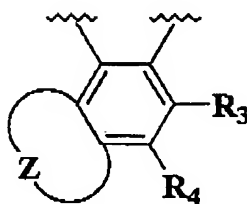
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$R_B$  is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, or phenyl;

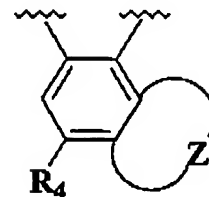
Q is one of the following formulae (i) – (iii):



(i)



(ii)



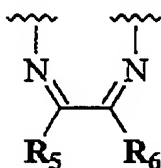
(iii)

$R_3$  is H or F;

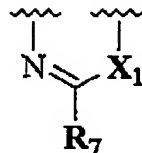
$R_4$  is halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or (CO)T;

T is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, (NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, OR<sub>F</sub>, -NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>;

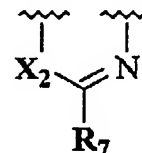
Z is one of the following formulae (iv) – (viii):



(iv)



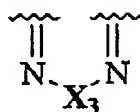
(v)



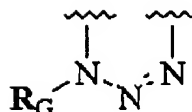
(vi)

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(vii)



(viii)

one of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H or methyl and the other of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl, phenyl, benzyl, or  $-M-E-G$ ;

$M$  is O, CO,  $SO_2$ ,  $NR_J$ ,  $(CO)NR_H$ ,  $NR_H(CO)$ ,  $NR_H(SO_2)$ ,  $(SO_2)NR_H$ , or  $CH_2$ ;

$E$  is  $(CH_2)_{1-4}$  or  $(CH_2)_m O(CH_2)_p$  where  $1 \leq (\text{each of } m \text{ and } p) \leq 3$  and  $2 \leq (m + p) \leq 4$ ; or  $E$  is absent;

$G$  is  $R_K$ ,  $OR_I$  or  $NR_JR_K$ , provided that if  $p = 1$ , then  $G$  is H;

$R_7$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,

$SO_2NR_H(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$ ,  $(CO)(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$  or  $(CO)NR_H(CH_2)_{2-4}NR_JR_K$ ;

$X_1$  is O, S,  $NR_8$ , or  $CHR_9$ ;  $X_2$  is O, S, or  $CHR_9$ ; and  $X_3$  is O or S; where if  $X_1$  or  $X_2$  is  $CHR_9$ , said compound may also be a tautomerized indole;

$R_8$  is H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl,  $(CH_2)_{1-2}Ar$ , where  $Ar$  is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$

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cycloalkyl, or (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>; provided R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub> together have no more than 14 carbon atoms, exclusive of R<sub>L</sub>, R<sub>M</sub>, R<sub>J</sub> and R<sub>K</sub>;

R<sub>G</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, (CO)OR<sub>P</sub>, (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>N</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar, where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

R<sub>9</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, (CO)OR<sub>P</sub>, (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>N</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar', where Ar' is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

R<sub>P</sub> is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>;

R<sub>10</sub> is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>11</sub> is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

each of R<sub>C</sub>, R<sub>D</sub>, R<sub>E</sub>, R<sub>F</sub>, R<sub>I</sub>, R<sub>J</sub>, R<sub>K</sub>, R<sub>L</sub> and R<sub>M</sub> is independently selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, and phenyl; each of NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>, NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub>, and NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub> can also independently be morpholinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, or piperidinyl; and

each of R<sub>H</sub>, R<sub>N</sub>, and R<sub>O</sub> is independently H, methyl, or ethyl;

wherein each hydrocarbon radical or heterocyclic radical above is optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo,

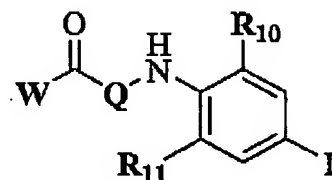
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C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, phenyl, hydroxyl, amino, (amino)sulfonyl, and NO<sub>2</sub>, wherein each substituent alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or phenyl is in turn optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo, C<sub>1-2</sub> alkyl, hydroxyl, amino, and NO<sub>2</sub>;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or C<sub>1-7</sub> ester thereof.

**9 (previously presented).** A method for treating chronic pain, wherein said chronic pain is associated with post-operative pain, said method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a composition comprising a MEK inhibitor selected from a compound of the following formula (I):



(I)

wherein

W is OR<sub>1</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>OR<sub>1</sub>, NR<sub>A</sub>R<sub>B</sub>, NR<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>A</sub>R<sub>B</sub>, O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>A</sub>R<sub>B</sub>, or NR<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>A</sub>R<sub>B</sub>;

R<sub>1</sub> is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, (phenyl)-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (phenyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (phenyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)-C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>;

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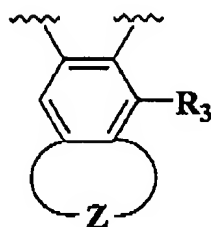
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$R_2$  is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> heterocyclic radical, or (C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl) methyl;

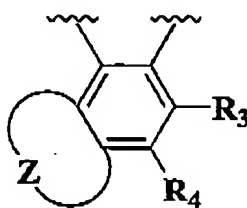
$R_A$  is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, (C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl)C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical, (C<sub>3-8</sub> heterocyclic radical)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)phenyl, [(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, (aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, [(aminosulfonyl)C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl]C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub> NR<sub>C</sub>R<sub>D</sub>;

$R_B$  is H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, or phenyl;

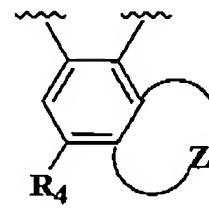
Q is one of the following formulae (i) – (iii):



(i)



(ii)



(iii)

$R_3$  is H or F;

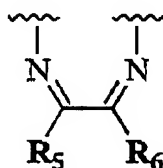
$R_4$  is halo, NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or (CO)T;

T is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, (NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, OR<sub>F</sub>, -NR<sub>O</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>, or NR<sub>E</sub>R<sub>F</sub>;

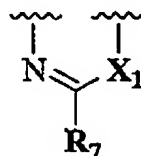
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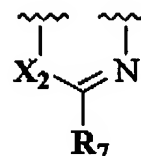
Z is one of the following formulae (iv) – (viii):



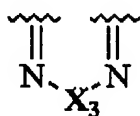
(iv)



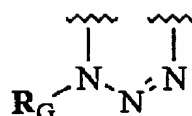
(v)



(vi)



(vii)



(viii)

one of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H or methyl and the other of  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  is H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl, phenyl, benzyl, or  $-M-E-G$ ;

M is O, CO,  $SO_2$ ,  $NR_H$ ,  $(CO)NR_H$ ,  $NR_H(CO)$ ,  $NR_H(SO_2)$ ,  $(SO_2)NR_H$ , or  $CH_2$ ;

E is  $(CH_2)_{1-4}$  or  $(CH_2)_m O(CH_2)_p$  where  $1 \leq (\text{each of } m \text{ and } p) \leq 3$  and  $2 \leq (m + p) \leq 4$ ; or E is absent;

G is  $R_K$ ,  $OR_1$  or  $NR_1R_K$ , provided that if  $p = 1$ , then G is H;



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$R_7$  is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar, where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl,

SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>H</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub> or (CO)NR<sub>H</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>J</sub>R<sub>K</sub>;

$X_1$  is O, S, NR<sub>8</sub>, or CHR<sub>9</sub>;  $X_2$  is O, S, or CHR<sub>9</sub>; and  $X_3$  is O or S; where if  $X_1$  or  $X_2$  is CHR<sub>9</sub>, said compound may also be a tautomerized indole;

$R_8$  is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar, where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, or (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>; provided  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  together have no more than 14 carbon atoms, exclusive of R<sub>L</sub>, R<sub>M</sub>, R<sub>J</sub> and R<sub>K</sub>;

$R_G$  is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, (CO)OR<sub>P</sub>, (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>N</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar, where Ar is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

$R_9$  is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, (CO)OR<sub>P</sub>, (C<sub>2-4</sub> alkyl)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>N</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, (CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>-NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-2</sub>Ar', where Ar' is phenyl, 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl;

$R_P$  is H, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, phenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2-4</sub>NR<sub>L</sub>R<sub>M</sub>;

$R_{10}$  is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

$R_{11}$  is H, methyl, halo, or NO<sub>2</sub>;

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each of  $R_C$ ,  $R_D$ ,  $R_E$ ,  $R_F$ ,  $R_I$ ,  $R_J$ ,  $R_K$ ,  $R_L$  and  $R_M$  is independently selected from H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, and phenyl; each of  $NR_C R_D$ ,  $NR_E R_F$ ,  $NR_J R_K$ , and  $NR_L R_M$  can also independently be morpholinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, or piperidinyl; and

each of  $R_H$ ,  $R_N$ , and  $R_O$  is independently H, methyl, or ethyl;

wherein each hydrocarbon radical or heterocyclic radical above is optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-4}$  alkynyl, phenyl, hydroxyl, amino, (amino)sulfonyl, and  $NO_2$ , wherein each substituent alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or phenyl is in turn optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents independently selected from halo,  $C_{1-2}$  alkyl, hydroxyl, amino, and  $NO_2$ ;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or  $C_{1-7}$  ester thereof.

**10 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein Q is formula (i).

**11 (original).** A method of claim 10, wherein  $R_3$  is H or fluoro.

**12 (original).** A method of claim 11, wherein  $R_4$  is fluoro, chloro, or bromo.

**13 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen, methyl, fluoro, or chloro.

**14 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein  $R_{11}$  is methyl, chloro, fluoro, nitro, or hydrogen.

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**15 (original).** A method of claim 14, wherein  $R_{11}$  is H.

**16 (original).** A method of claim 14, wherein  $R_{11}$  is fluoro.

**17 (original).** A method of claim 13, wherein each of  $R_{10}$  and  $R_{11}$  is fluoro.

**18 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein  $R_1$  is H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, benzyl, phenethyl, allyl,  $C_{3-5}$  alkenyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $(C_{3-5}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-2}$  alkyl,  $(C_{3-5}$  heterocyclic radical) $C_{1-2}$  alkyl, or  $(CH_2)_{2-4} NR_C R_D$ .

**19 (original).** A method of claim 18, wherein  $R_1$  is H or  $(C_{3-4}$  cycloalkyl) $C_{1-2}$  alkyl.

**20 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein  $R_2$  is H or methyl.

**21 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein  $R_A$  has at least one hydroxyl substituent.

**22 (previously presented).** A compound of claim 8, wherein  $R_A$  is H, methyl, ethyl, isobutyl, hydroxyethyl, phenyl, 2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl, 3-[4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-propyl, 2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl, or 2-diethylamino-ethyl; and  $R_B$  is H; or where  $R_B$  is methyl and  $R_A$  is phenyl.

**23 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein W is  $NR_A R_B$  or  $NR_2 NR_A R_B$ .

**24 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein W is  $NR_2 (CH_2)_{2-4} NR_A R_B$  or  $O(CH_2)_{2-3} NR_A R_B$ .

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**25 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein W is  $\text{NR}_2\text{OR}_1$ .

**26 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein W is  $\text{OR}_1$ .

**27 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein Z is formula (v).

**28 (original).** A method of claim 27, wherein  $\text{X}_1$  is  $\text{NR}_8$ , and  $\text{R}_7$  is H.

**29 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein said MEK inhibitor has a structure selected from: 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid.

**30 (previously presented).** A method of claim 8, wherein said MEK inhibitor has a structure selected from: 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-benzoxazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-benzothiazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-benzo[1,2,5]thiadiazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-benzo[1,2,5]oxadiazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-2-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-2-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1-acetyl-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; 8-fluoro-7-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-quinoxaline-6-carboxylic acid; and 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1H-benzotriazole-5-carboxylic acid; and the corresponding hydroxamic acids and cyclopropylmethyl hydroxamates.

**31 (previously presented).** The method of claim 8 wherein said MEK inhibitor has a structure selected from: 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1H-benzimidazole-5-carboxylic acid cyclopropylmethoxy-amide; 7-fluoro-6-(4-

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iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-6,7-dihydro-1*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid (hydrochloride); 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-3*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid (2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-amide; 6-(2-chloro-4-iodo-phenylamino)-7-fluoro-1*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid; and 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid pentafluorophenyl ester.

**32 (previously presented).** The method of claim 8 wherein said MEK inhibitor has a structure selected from: 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-1*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid cyclopropylmethoxy-amide; and 7-fluoro-6-(4-iodo-2-methyl-phenylamino)-3*H*-benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid (2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-amide.